

NON-FINITES. Study the material and make sure you understand the examples.

Participle I : DOING BEING DONE HAVING DONE (rarely used)

E.g. -(While) crossing the street be attentive. -(When) reading this text use your dictionary.
 -Who is that girl sitting at the table? -(If) being invited to a British home buy some flowers.
 -Having built a house, they decided to have children. -An understanding friend is a true friend.

Participle II : DONE

E.g. -Wasted time never comes again. -She died in 2005, completely forgotten and lonely. -I hate boiled vegetables. -First published in Holland, his paper then got a wide spread in Europe.
 -What's done can't be undone. -Choose the right word from the options given (below).

Gerund : DOING BEING DONE HAVING DONE (rarely used) HAVING BEEN DONE (very rare)

E.g. -I enjoy reading. -I love being told stories. -She hates being laughed at. -I prefer walking to driving. -This film isn't worth seeing. -I remember meeting him before. -He's accused of spying.
 -I regret not having learnt English before. -She can't forget having been (being) searched in the customs, although so many years have passed.

INFINITIVE : TO DO TO BE DOING TO BE DONE
 TO BE DONE TO HAVE BEEN DONE TO HAVE BEEN DOING

E.g. -I know him to do well. -She only pretends not to be listening to us. -What's to be done now?
 -I suppose this letter to be written by him. -They seem to have been working for many hours.
 -It was so unusual of him not to come (to have come) on time. -Do you want me to stay?
 -This castle seems to have been built somewhat around the 14th century. -I've come to save you.
Continuous and Perfect Inf-s are mainly used with: seem; pretend; appear; happen; claim, etc & modals.

COMPLEX SUBJECT: Somebody/something + verb + Infinitive

E.g. -Sport has always been considered to be a means of beauty, strength and health. -She seems to have changed greatly. -He proved to know a lot. -This museum is supposed to be restored soon.
 -He will be ordered to sign the documents. -This winter is expected to be very cold. -He is sure to have been to China. -This tattoo appeared to have been done in Japan.

COMPLEX OBJECT: Somebody + verb + somebody + to do/doing/do + something

Verb + Infinitive of purpose	Verb + bare Infinitive (with some verbs)	Verb + bare Infinitive (general action)	Verb + Participle I (part of action)
I want you to be happy. Would you like me to call her? I like women to play a supportive role to men. I believe him to have told the truth. I'll get my son to drive me to the airport.	This film made me cry. My parents never let me come home after 10 But: I was made to tell them everything. He wasn't let to stay. + This will help you cope with the problem.	I often see them walk in the park. Have you ever heard her sing? Have you ever watched kittens play? I sometimes hear my neighbours quarrel. I found him know about the letter.	"I saw her dancing." (when I came) I looked out of the window and saw him driving away. I felt her touching my hand. He found himself lying on the floor. Somebody noticed them breaking into the house.

Exercises

1. *Participle I* (present) is used as an adjective to describe things, answering the question "What kind of?". *Participle II* (past) is used as an adjective to describe how somebody feels.

E.g. 1) The situation was really embarrassing. 2) He felt embarrassed.

Complete the gaps with the following adjectives: amusing/amused; boring/bored; frustrating/frustrated; interesting/interested; surprising/surprised; inspiring/inspired; cooling/cooled; boiling/boiled; relaxing/relaxed; captivating/captivated; leaving/left; burning/burnt; striking/stricken.

- 1) All Charles Chaplin's children had aresemblance to their father.
- 2) I've never been.....by Robin Williams' jokes. To me, they sound
- 3) I think Madonna is a/anpersonality: she's bright and
- 4) I couldn't be lessin all that rubbish they show on TV.
- 5) He is always clowning around, but I don't find him
- 6) It's reallyhow she's managed to get this job!
- 7) Sit down and I'll make you a nice cup of tea. You'll feel, believe me.
- 8) I hatevegetables, they are bland and languished.
- 9) A lot of women wereby the daring suffragists and followed their example.
- 10) He didn't look in the leastwhen being arrested. Had he expected that?
- 11) The plot is really.....! I couldn't tear myself away! You should read this book.
- 12) I'm oftenwith my job: processing documents, taking calls, you know.....
- 13) Katherine Zeta-Jones arrived in Hollywood with aambition to become a star.
- 14) When, animals don't reproduce well.
- 15) Add some lemon to your mineral water - it has aeffect.
- 16) You mustn't make green tea withwater, it must beto 80°C.
- 17) Doing exercise? I find it quite
- 18) Every time a see atrain I wish I could go away on it.
- 19) In 1509 Shakespeare waswith grief: his only son died in infancy.
- 20) Is there any money?
- 21) Attending job interviews as well as annual appraisals may be really
- 22) "Manuscripts never get" (M. Bulgakov)
- 23) When my father deserted the family I felt

2. The best use of the Participles is that they can stand for a whole phrase or sentence and turn a Composite sentence into a Simple one. Replace the underlined phrases or sentences with Participle I or Participle II. You will sometimes need to change the word order. There are two cases where you can't do this. Explain why.

- 1) When you are crossing the road, first look to your right, then to your left.
- 2) After we had found the hotel, which was situated on the outskirts of the city, we started looking for a cheap café to have lunch at.
- 3) Anna was riding a bicycle when she fell down and broke her arm.
- 4) As I felt really exhausted I decided to go to bed earlier than usual.
- 5) She hasn't got a car, that's why she hardly ever leaves town at weekends.
- 6) The firefighters were overcome with smoke. The residents of the house which was burning looked at the brave men who were trying to put out the fire.
- 7) I have learnt most of the material that was given by our teacher.
- 8) Only after I had been fired, I realised how important this job was for me. As I didn't understand why it was me to be fired I just couldn't think about applying for another job.
- 9) Catherine and Michael were sitting in the bar. They both were drinking Martini.
- 10) As they looked very hungry I offered them a snack.
- 11) Martin has travelled all over the world! No wonder he can tell a lot of interesting things about other countries and their customs.

- 12) The players, who had been injured in the match, were taken to hospital only thirty minutes after the match was over.
- 13) The cathedral was built in the early 17th century. It hasn't changed a lot since then.
- 14) Look at that Mimi that is overtaking Mike's Jeep!
- 15) There was nobody on the platform. Nobody was waiting for me.
- 16) The book was first published in 1966. It became a bestseller straightaway.
- 17) Who is Maria? - One of those girls who are sitting over there. We are no longer on speaking terms. We fell out last month.
- 18) As I had already tried most of the local foods I ordered past which luckily was always on the menu.
- 19) Although the defence lawyer wasn't sure that the accused had stolen nothing from the house, he agreed to defend him.
- 20) Nicole was lying down. She was reading a glossy magazine. When she heard that her husband had come she put the magazine aside and stood up.

3. When two actions "meet", we use mainly two structures: verb + infinitive (I decided to leave town) and verb + gerund (I consider leaving town and moving to the countryside). Sometimes both structures can be used, with or without changing the meaning of a sentence. *The Gerund* can be used without a preposition or with prepositions, normally the same as with the noun (He was charged with murder. He was charged with killing three people.) Study the list of most typical verbs taking the Gerund after them. Make up sentences of your own.

No preposition: *enjoy, fancy, consider, keep, continue, give up, quit, finish, accept; tolerate, practise, avoid, imagine, deny, suggest, involve, (not) mind, be busy, spend/waste time, it's no good, it is (not) worth, end up, cannot stand, cannot help, go (with activities)*

E.g. It's no good discussing it now. It took time to get to know each other - we ended up being friends. My parents don't mind leaving home if I've invited friends round. I can't stand being told off. My work involves dealing with people and I avoid being judgmental. It was late so I suggested taking a taxi.

In: *believe, succeed, have (no) difficulty, there's no point*

E.g. There is no point in waiting here all night. They may not arrive today. My host family succeeded in making me feel at home.

To: *object, admit, get round, get used/accustomed, look forward*

E.g. I can't get used to smoking and I strongly object to my colleagues smoking in the office. She admitted to making/having made a mistake. We finally got round to starting our new project.

On: *insist, congratulate sb, be keen, pride oneself, be intent*

E.g. When she arrived in New York she was intent on making a singing career. The British pride themselves on being the inventors of lots of sports.

Of: *be proud, accuse, approve, be sure, be tired, remind (refers to the past)*

E.g. My parents didn't approve of me getting married so early. She reminded me of us having a lot of fun during our last holiday in Cyprus. He was accused of stealing the money from his mother's room.

With: *charge sb, be pleased/satisfied, be concerned, be obsessed, be bored, be angry*

E.g. He is obsessed with gambling. Are you angry with him not turning up? Ecologists are concerned with protecting rare species against dying out.

From: *prevent sb, forbid sb*

E.g. The judge prevented Mitnik from using the computer. The director of the company forbade eating at the desks, but nothing can prevent workers from drinking cups of coffee at their working places

For: *thank sb, blame sb, feel sorry* E.g. I really feel sorry for not telling you the truth.

4. The sentences in each pair below are close in meaning, but one of the verbs requires after itself a gerund and the other - an infinitive. Open the brackets. When using the Gerund you'll sometimes have to add a preposition. The Infinitive can be bare or with the particle *to*.

- 1) Would you like (have) one of these photos? Do you fancy (go) out for a coffee?
- 2) I can't wait (see) you again! I'm looking forward (hear) from you.

- 3) He refused (support) any charities. She denied (take) part in that protest march.
- 4) Why not (discuss) it right now? How about (sort) it out right now?
- 5) But you didn't mind (help) me when I needed it! My father agreed (lend) me the money I needed.
- 6) The school succeeded (arrange) student exchange. Only one girl managed (survive) in the accident.
- 7) When a student, I used (eat) a lot of ice-cream. I'm used (have) eight cups of tea every day.
- 8) We expected them (arrive) on time. We believed her (make) a career in our company.
- 9) I fail (see) the film to the end - it was dead boring. This last cup of coffee stopped me (sleep).
- 10) Does your son intend (stay) on at school? She was intent (work) as a volunteer after graduation.
- 11) She strongly objected (start) a business in our home town. He refused (discuss) the problem.
- 12) She advised me (not rely) blindly on my partner. She warned me (be) too trustful with my partner.
- 13) As an art teacher, she involved children (attend) art museums and exhibitions. My university professors encouraged me (carry) out a research into the properties of polymers.
- 14) My Mum offered (help) me with the children. He suggest (work) together on the project.
- 15) What's the use (hurry) up? Is it really important to get all the documents ready by tomorrow?
- 16) I really feel sorry (say) this! I regret (say) that you are not experienced enough for this job.
- 17) You'd better (mind) your own business. I Insist you (see) the doctor immediately.
- 18) She claimed (know) this man. She admitted (see) him before.
- 19) My parents didn't let me (play) on the street. My parents prevented me (take) sport seriously.
- 20) I can't afford (buy) a new car now. I can't allow you (put) your life at risk.
- 21) She told me (prepare) the draft contract. She insisted me (processing) the documents.
- 22) Sorry, I can't help (laugh)! She is so serious - nothing can make her (laugh)
- 23) I didn't mean (hurt) you. I did my best to avoid (hurt) your feelings.
- 24) He was trained (be) a vet. When she lived in Australia she practised (windsurf) a lot.
- 25) He prides himself (be) very well-organised. She thinks herself (be) as pretty as a picture.

5. Open the brackets, using the correct form of the Infinitive, both Active or Passive. You will sometimes need to change the word order (position of the adverb of frequency).

- 1) "It's time (speak); my pains are quite forgot." W. Shakespeare *Richard III*
- 2) This job must (do) by next Monday.
- 3) I'm hoping (see) in Moscow, safe and sound after a long journey.
- 4) Look, she pretends (read), but, in fact, she's listening to our conversation.
- 5) She looks exhausted: she seems (work) hard this year.
- 6) We're expected (work) overtime this month.
- 7) The suspect claimed (hike) in Scotland at the time of the robbery.
- 8) He was the last (finish) the race.
- 9) She seems (enjoy) her new job.
- 10) He is said (see) near their house that night.
- 11) I can't wait for his new book (publish) in Russia.
- 12) Pop music sometimes appears (influence) by folk songs.
- 13) Fifteen year-olds are too young (take part) in the Olympic Games.
- 14) It was clever of you (not embark) upon that adventurous project.
- 15) They rushed to the check-in only (inform) that their flight had been delayed.
- 16) The teacher explained how (use) the first-aid kit.
- 17) He went to the cash-point (withdraw) some money.
- 18) We've arranged for the trouble-shooter (come) tomorrow.
- 19) Is there anything (sit) on?
- 20) She appeared (invite) already to the party.
- 21) She seems (lose) weight.
- 22) They definitely happened (meet) before.
- 23) This machine is supposed (invent) long before the first IBM.
- 24) He claims (finish) this work all by himself.

6. There are some verbs that require either a gerund or an infinitive, depending on the meaning. Sometimes both are possible with very little or no difference in meaning. Study the examples in the table below and complete the blank 'rule' cells.

Gerund	Rule	Infinitive	Rule
I really like swimming.	Feeling about the process	I like to go to the gym early in the morning.	Finding it a good idea
I hate being told off!		I hate to think that I'm obliged to him.	
I don't bother cooking – my husband does it.	Usual practice	I know the truth. Don't bother to answer! Don't bother to lay =(laying) the table.	A single action
I still remember seeing the Pyramids for the first time.	An action/event in the past	Remember to give me a ring before you go.	Intention; purpose
I will never forget staying with you!		I forgot to congratulate my wife on her birthday!	
I am sorry for not telling the truth.	An action/event in the past	I am sorry to hear that.	Immediate feeling
I never regret becoming a midwife, although my job is quite stressful.		British Airways regret to inform passengers for flight BA 354 that it is delayed again.	Intention
I prefer staying in hotels rather than with friends.	Usual practice	Would you prefer to have a break now or a bit later?	
The shirt needs ironing.		You don't need to clean it.	
She reminded me about meeting our partners tomorrow. The scene reminded me of our climbing the Urals in 2002.	An action/event in the future or in the past	Please remind me to post the letters.	
I never use my father's car. I'm afraid of crashing it.	Fear of sth described	I am afraid to drive over that bridge.	Unwillingness or =I don't dare
I've tried slimming so many times!	Repeated action or experiment	I tried to explain everything to him, but he wouldn't listen.	An attempt
Nutrition therapists advise eating more vegetables.		The doctor advised me to do more exercise.	
Schools don't allow smoking or drinking.		My parents didn't allow me to wear make-up until I was 18.	
Many people have stopped buying newspapers since I the Internet appeared		She stopped to buy a newspaper.	Purpose
My daughter began reading when she was 5.		Their house began to ruin = (ruining) and they moved out. I'm beginning to understand.	No two -ing forms together
I started reading his book. = I started to read his book.		I started to read = (reading) his book with enthusiasm. It is starting to get colder.	
We consider going on holiday in August.		Are they still considered to be involved?	
My son has never been keen on playing football.		We are keen to see the new exhibition.	
We went on working until 8 o'clock pm		She introduced Mr. Nye and went on to talk about the test.	Then (two actions)

7. Open the brackets, using proper forms of the Gerund and Infinitive, both Active or Passive. Using a gerund, you'll sometimes need to add a preposition.

- 1) I'd like (get) (know) you better before we move in together.
- 2) "I like (miss)." O. Wilde
- 3) I like (get up) early and (have) more time on my hands.
- 4) I would hate (live) by the sea. It is so boring!
- 5) Everybody hates (laugh) at. I'd hate (find out) that you are heaping ridicule on me.
- 6) Remember (buy) something for dinner. And don't forget (carry) the trash out.
- 7) My wife is always forgetting (wind up) the alarm clock! I'm ashamed always (be late) for work.
- 8) Do you remember (trek) in the Alps? Would you like (try) (climb up) Everest?
- 9) You've miss-spelt so many words! Have you ever tried (use) the spell-check?
- 10) No answer? Try (dial) this number.
- 11) I see that you're trying (help) me but I prefer (be able) (cope) myself.
- 12) If you ask me, I'd prefer (not show) my hand.
- 13) Little progress stops many language learners (go ahead) with their studies.
- 14) My Dad stopped (work) when he was 74.
- 15) She just stopped (take) breath and went on (talk) about their adventure.
- 16) Do you intend (move) flat?
- 17) John Sutter, a Swiss immigrant, arrived in California intent (build) an agricultural empire. He ended up (lose) his fortune and (be) a ruined man. When gold was discovered in his land nothing prevented him (take) a chance on gold, but he refused (risk) his wealth for the sake of gold fever.
- 18) Is he still considered guilty of that burglary? I'm sure him (be) innocent.
- 19) Could we just consider (borrow) money from a bank? Personally I would advise (borrow) the sum we need instead of (save up). We need (get) the money quickly.
- 20) Rudolf Nureyev began (dance) before he could (walk). When he was seven, his school teacher advised his mother (send) him to a ballet school.
- 21) There's no use (get) into every detail. I'm beginning (understand).
- 22) Don't bother (see) this film unless you are keen (be) frightened to death. I don't think it is worth (see) anyway, but some people really enjoy (be) scared.
- 23) We're all keen (attend) his first personal exhibition.
- 24) I'm not very good (make) presentations. But I always succeed (make) a good conversation.
- 25) She dined (see) him before but admitted (speaking) to him on the phone.
- 26) She sometimes tends (be) annoying. Coming to work on Monday, I (avoid) (talk) to her (not give) a full account of her weekend.
- 27) We managed (cut down) overheads. And I pride myself (put forward) a new scheme of payments.
- 28) "I can't help (fall) in love with you." E. Presley
- 29) Do you mind (open) the window? It's too stuffy in here.
- 30) Nobody objected (carry out) a series of surveys before launching a new product line.
- 31) I suggest (book) the tickets in advance. You seem (fail) (get) the seats so many times!
- 32) "Nothing in life is (fear). It is only (understand)." Maria Curie
- 33) Do you suspect him (be) a spy? He claims never (be) involved in any kind of industrial espionage.
- 34) Are you still angry with me (not turn up) at your party or do you pretend (not notice) me?
- 35) He was accused (steal) the money from the van, although the only witness who happened (be) on the street that night claimed (not see) the man's face very clearly.
- 36) Do you approve (gamble)? Can you imagine your children (splash out) in a casino?
- 37) -Stephen, you seem (work) in Moscow for three years. Why didn't you try (learn) Russian?
-In fact, I'd love (speak) Russian. And I now regret (not learn) it before.

8. Open the brackets, using either a gerund or infinitive adding prepositions and changing the pronouns if necessary.

- 1) Would you like (change) the seat?
- 2) Do you fancy (go) to that Spanish restaurant again? I don't mind (try) something new.
- 3) My parents approved (I)(become) a lawyer.

- 4) I do object (you) (drop) out of school. I do insist (you) (take) a chance on the A-levels.
- 5) She warned Mary (go) out with Paul, because he was known (deceive) so many girls.
- 6) It has been nice (talk) to you!
- 7) It's great (be) able (remember) 95 words for one lesson!
- 8) I'm afraid it will be difficult (translate) this text without a dictionary.
- 9) - Do you suggest (wait) for them here? -I always prefer (stay) in one place rather than (run) around.
- 10) My parents encouraged (I) (study) maths and science.
- 11) I like this shirt - it doesn't need (iron).
- 12) My Mum offered (come) and (help) with the children, so I don't need (call) the baby-sitter.
- 13) They don't need (know) what we have agreed (do) together.
- 14) Dr. Hay advised (eat) proteins and carbohydrates separately.
- 15) I'd rather (stay) in, it's so cold outside.
- 16) You'd better (not interfere) in your children's lives.
- 17) What made (they) (agree) (help) us? Were they let (know) about our problems?
- 18) My doctor recommended (I) (keep) to a low-calorie diet.
- 19) Don't bother (see) this performance, unless you like (fall) asleep in the middle of the show.
- 20) I'm afraid (tell) her that Donald has left with Mary.
- 21) Thank you (accompany) me, I was really afraid (go) alone.
- 22) -It's 9 o'clock only! We'll have (wait) for 2 hours. -I know, but my Dad likes (come) well before the time. He's always anxious (be) late for the flight.
- 23) I don't bother (go) shopping. My husband does it.
- 24) There's no use (discuss) all the items again. I'm sick and tired (listen) to the same points! 25) There is no point (buy) a used car. They tend (break) up very soon.
- 26) Is this film really worth (see)? Who advised (you) (see) it?
- 27) Do you mind (he) (have) dinner with us? I often see (he)(dine) alone. I thought we could invite him.
- 28) I hate (think) that I'm obliged to her. I've heard (she)(say) many times that she's bored (help) people.
- 29) I remember (see) him in London 2 years ago. I watched (he)(walk) and remember (think) that something bad was going to happen to him. He seemed (suffer) from some spine problems.
- 30) -We consider (go) to Crete for a holiday. -At last! You seem (work) hard for the past 6 months.
- 31) He claimed (find) the best solution to the problem.
- 32) She pretended (listen) to me, but I felt (she) (think) of something else.
- 33) They were expected (arrive) earlier. What could have prevented (they)(catch) an earlier train?
- 34) Don't forget (print) out the documents.
- 35) She stopped (buy) an ice cream. It was so hot that she couldn't help (have) something refreshing.
- 36) Public transport fares are supposed (go) up every year.
- 37) In Paris I used (live) on my own.
- 38) He was charged (steal) the old lady's handbag.
- 39) The thieves managed (escape) from the police.
- 40) I'm not used (say) compliments. And I hate (pay) compliments either.
- 41) Let me congratulate you (promote).
- 42) -I don't like (laugh) at. -Have you tried (avoid) people who are keen (tease) others?
- 43) He is reported (attack) by the monster.
- 44) She admitted (see) her uncle's will, but she denied (take) it.
- 45) I regret (say) that you are not sufficient enough for this job.
- 46) The noise that the neighbours were making stopped (she) (sleep). She intended (knock) on their door and (ask) them to be quiet but she was afraid (speak) to drunk people.
- 47) Sorry, my parents don't allow (smoke) in the bedroom.
- 48) Do you really regret (not tell) him the truth?
- 49) I tried (explain) to him how it all had happened, but he wouldn't (listen).
- 50) I don't feel like (drink) alcohol.

9. The grammatical construction *Complex Object* is translated into Russian as a Subordinate Clause. Verbs “of mind” require the *to- Infinitive*, although *find* and *know* can be used without *to*. Verbs “of perception” require the *bare Infinitive* or *Participle I*. The verb *feel* can be used in both meanings. The verbs *make*, *let* and *help* require the *bare Infinitive* in the Active Voice and the *to- Infinitive* in the Passive Voice. The most difficult thing to do is to choose the correct form after verbs “of perception”; in some cases both forms are possible with very little or no difference in meaning. To make a proper choice, use the technique shown in the table. Make up two or more sentences “to restore” the context.

Task: open the brackets	Context	Result
I saw her (get) into a taxi.	She got into a taxi. I saw it. (no more details suggested)	I saw her get into a taxi.
I saw her (ski) down the mountain. It was scary.	I saw her as she was skiing down the mountain. It was scary. (details suggested) She was rushing down at a hair-raising speed.	I saw her skiing down the mountain.

10. Insert particle *to* in the gaps where necessary. Sometimes two options are correct.

- 1) “I don’t like peoplebe sorry for me.” W. Saroyan
- 2) I’ve never known himbe so mean.
- 3) The story of their romance made mefeel envious of their great passion and untold suffering.
- 4) Most educationalists consider streaming pupils according to aptitudesbe unfair but inevitable.
- 5) The teacher ordered the studentshand in their worksheets immediately.
- 6) I found himknow something about the negotiations.
- 7) As a teenager, I wasn’t letbring friends round.
- 8) The manager reported this projectbe of major importance.
- 9) The parents believed his results in A-levels notbe fair.
- 10) I’ve always hated peoplespeak out about their private life.
- 11) She arranged all the invitation cardsbe sent on time.
- 12) Don’t let anythingstand in your way!
- 13) She heard the telephonering.
- 14) I feel your disagreementhave gone too far.
- 15) The girl felt her mothertuck her up in the bed.
- 16) They are often seenplay badminton in the park.
- 17) I suppose himbe preparing for his last exam now.
- 18) Have you ever heard or seen themquarrel? I must get yousee it with your own eyes.
- 19) She was knownhave worked as a flight attendant before.
- 20) Nobody liked himtake over the company after his father’s death.

11. Open the brackets, using the correct form of the Complex Object.

- 1) When we approached the station we clearly heard people (scream).
- 2) Every time I watch her (train) I am amazed at her persistence.
- 3) What made you (apply) for this job& I thought you (be) more sensible.
- 4) I’ll get my son (do) this. I like him (be) busy all the time.
- 5) Nobody noticed her (take) the money from the drawer.
- 6) Yesterday we saw a young ballerina (dance) in “The Swan Lake”. It was fantastic!
- 7) When I saw them (have) a row I realised that they’d hated each other all those years.
- 8) I’ll never believe him (be) guilty.
- 9) As kids, we were not let (watch) TV on school days.
- 10) Watching little kittens (play) is fun. They are so cute!
- 11) He felt the nurse (smooth) his pillow.
- 12) We could see the smoke (come) out of the house.
- 13) They were seen (talk) quite peacefully the other day. Do you suppose them (play) to their audience?
- 14) Would you like me (call) your boss and (say) you’re ill?
- 15) I feel your attitudes to life (differ) too much.

- 16) I felt my heart (thump).
- 17) The teacher watched the students (leave) the classroom one by one.
- 18) In some cases, journalists are made (disclose) their sources of information.
- 19) Can't you smell something (burn)?
- 20) Did you notice anybody (enter) the house?
- 21) I listened to her (sing) folk songs and felt her (be) really fascinated by the melody.
- 22) In this programme, you will hear five people (speak) about their memories of their childhood.
- 23) The missing old woman was last seen (sit) in the café opposite her house.
- 24) During our conversation I felt somebody (watch) me.
- 25) I found her at my desk (read) the documents.

12. Do the 10-minute test below, without using any materials, then swap with your partner to check each other's work. Remember that using a gerund you'll sometimes need to add a preposition. While doing the check up, you can use the tables.

- 1) She came back to Moscow (see) everything (change).
- 2) He complains (have) a splitting headache. He claims (work) for several hours without a break.
- 3) I hate (give) advice. I can't stand (criticise). I don't need (push) (do) something.
- 4) The journalist didn't admit (pay) for (falsify) some facts in the article. I hope he will be made (confess).
- 5) –Do you fancy (go) to a pub? – No way! It's so noisy there that you can't hear yourself (think).
- 6) The Minister is believed (kidnap). Everybody seems (expect) (hear) a revelatory story behind it.
- 7) (win) his second Olympic gold medal, he made up his mind (retire) from sport.
- 8) All doctors advise (eat) healthily and (do) physical exercise. But I can't get myself (follow) their advice as long as my life is so stressful.
- 9) –Do you object me (refer) to your work? – No, I don't. I don't mind anybody (refer) to my papers as long as they quote from them properly.
- 10) If you can't go to sleep, try (drink) some hot water with mint and honey in it.
- 11) - Just listen to birds (sing)! It's no use (talk) when you can enjoy birds (sing) their songs. –Well, just twenty minutes ago I suggested (do) the same. You stopped (take) pause, looked around and then went on (speak) about your job.
- 12) How can I approve you (become) a school teacher while everybody knows this job (be) stressful and exhausting?
- 13) I regret (tell) that you have failed. It was thoughtless of you (not prepare) for the test better.
- 14) It's late, we don't know the way. I'm afraid (take) a taxi. I insist (wait) for a night bus.
- 15) Stop (interrupt) me! Just let me (have) my say.